

Trodelvy® (sacituzumab govitecan-hziy) (Intravenous)

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Document Number: EOCCO-0587

Last Review Date: 03/31/2023

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Dates Reviewed: 02/2021, 06/2021, 05/2022, 04/2023

I. Length of Authorization

Coverage will be provided for six months and may be renewed.

II. Dosing Limits

A. Quantity Limit (max daily dose) [NDC Unit]:

- Trodelvy 180 mg single-dose vial: 12 vials every 21 days

B. Max Units (per dose and over time) [HCPCS Unit]:

- 432 billable units weekly for two doses every 21 days

III. Initial Approval Criteria ¹

Coverage is provided in the following conditions:

- Patient at least 18 years of age; **AND**

Universal Criteria ¹

- Therapy will NOT be substituted for or used in combination with irinotecan; **AND**
- Patients that are homozygous for the uridine diphosphate-glucuronosyl transferase 1A1 (UGT1A1)*28 allele will be closely monitored for adverse reactions; **AND**
- Therapy will not be used in combination with UGT1A1 inhibitors (e.g., nilotinib, regorafenib, etc.) or inducers (e.g., phenytoin, carbamazepine, etc.); **AND**
- Used as a single agent; **AND**

Breast Cancer † ‡ ¹⁻³

- Patient has triple-negative breast cancer [TNBC] **Ψ** (i.e., estrogen, progesterone, and HER2-negative)*; **AND**
 - Patient was previously treated with at least two systemic therapies, at least one of them for metastatic disease; **AND**
 - Patient has recurrent unresectable, locally advanced, or metastatic disease; **OR**

- Patient has hormone receptor (HR)-positive and human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)-negative disease*; **AND**
 - Patient has recurrent, unresectable locally advanced, or metastatic disease; **AND**
 - Patient has received prior treatment including endocrine therapy, a CDK4/6 inhibitor (e.g., palbociclib, ribociclib, abemaciclib, etc.), and at least two lines of chemotherapy (including a taxane) at least one of which was in the metastatic setting

Urothelial Cancer (Bladder Cancer) † ‡^{1,2,10}

- Patient has one of the following diagnoses:
 - Locally advanced or metastatic urothelial carcinoma †; **OR**
 - Muscle invasive bladder cancer with local recurrence or persistent disease in a preserved bladder ‡; **OR**
 - Metastatic or local bladder cancer recurrence post-cystectomy ‡; **OR**
 - Primary carcinoma of the urethra ‡; **AND**
 - Used for recurrent (*excluding recurrence of stage T3-4 disease or palpable inguinal lymph nodes*) or metastatic disease; **OR**
 - Metastatic upper genitourinary (GU) tract tumors ‡; **OR**
 - Metastatic urothelial carcinoma of the prostate ‡; **AND**
- Patient was previously treated with platinum-containing chemotherapy and programmed death (PD-1 or PD-L1)-directed therapy (e.g., avelumab, nivolumab, atezolizumab, durvalumab, etc.)

Preferred therapies and recommendations are determined by review of clinical evidence. NCCN category of recommendation is taken into account as a component of this review. Regimens deemed equally efficacious (i.e., those having the same NCCN categorization) are considered to be therapeutically equivalent.

† FDA Approved Indication(s); ‡ Compendia Recommended Indication(s); ◊ Orphan Drug

***HER2-negative expression criteria:^{3,8}**

- Immunohistochemistry (IHC) assay is 0 or 1+; **OR**
- Dual-probe in situ hybridization (ISH) assay indicating (Group 5) HER2/CEP17 ratio <2.0 AND average HER2 copy number <4.0 signals/cell; **OR**
- Concurrent dual-probe ISH and IHC assay results indicating one of the following:
 - (Group 2) HER2/CEP17 ratio ≥2.0 AND average HER2 copy number <4.0 signals/cell and concurrent IHC 0-1+ or 2+; **OR**
 - (Group 3) HER2/CEP17 ratio <2.0 AND average HER2 copy number ≥6.0 signals/cell and concurrent IHC 0-1+; **OR**

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ (Group 4) HER2/CEP17 ratio <2.0 AND average HER2 copy number ≥4.0 and <6.0 signals/cell and concurrent IHC 0-1+ or 2+ 								
<p>*ER/PR-negative expression criteria: ⁹</p>								
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Immunohistochemistry (IHC) assay: Sample is considered ER/PR negative if the percentage of cancer cells staining on evaluation is <1% OR 0% of tumor cell nuclei are immunoreactive <p><i>Note: A sample may be deemed uninterpretable for ER or PR if the sample is inadequate (insufficient cancer or severe artifacts present, as determined at the discretion of the pathologist), if external and internal controls (if present) do not stain appropriately, or if pre-analytic variables have interfered with the assay's accuracy.</i></p>								
<p>Ψ ER Scoring Interpretation (following ER testing by validated IHC assay)</p>								
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #d9ead3;">Results</th> <th style="background-color: #d9ead3;">Interpretation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>– 0% – <1% of nuclei stain</td> <td>– ER-negative</td> </tr> <tr> <td>– 1%–10% of nuclei stain</td> <td>– ER-low–positive*</td> </tr> <tr> <td>– >10% of nuclei stain</td> <td>– ER-positive</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Results	Interpretation	– 0% – <1% of nuclei stain	– ER-negative	– 1%–10% of nuclei stain	– ER-low–positive*	– >10% of nuclei stain	– ER-positive
Results	Interpretation							
– 0% – <1% of nuclei stain	– ER-negative							
– 1%–10% of nuclei stain	– ER-low–positive*							
– >10% of nuclei stain	– ER-positive							
<p><i>*Note: Patients with cancers with ER-low–positive (1%–10%) results are a heterogeneous group with reported biologic behavior often similar to ER-negative cancers; thus, as such these cancers inherently behave aggressively and may be treated similar to triple-negative disease. Individualized consideration of risks versus benefits should be incorporated into decision-making.</i></p>								

IV. Renewal Criteria ¹

Coverage may be renewed based upon the following criteria:

- Patient continues to meet the universal and other indication-specific relevant criteria such as concomitant therapy requirements (not including prerequisite therapy), performance status, etc. identified in section III; **AND**
- Disease response with treatment as defined by stabilization of disease or decrease in size of tumor or tumor spread; **AND**
- Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug. Examples of unacceptable toxicity include: severe hypersensitivity and infusion-related reactions, severe nausea/vomiting, severe neutropenia/febrile neutropenia, severe anemia, severe diarrhea, etc.

V. Dosage/Administration ¹

Indication	Dose
Breast Cancer, Bladder Cancer	Administer 10 mg/kg as an intravenous infusion once weekly on Days 1 and 8 of 21-day treatment cycles. Continue treatment until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity. Do not administer doses greater than 10 mg/kg.

VI. Billing Code/Availability Information

HCPCS Code:

- J9317 – Injection, sacituzumab govitecan-hziy, 2.5 mg; 1 billable unit = 2.5 mg

NDC:

- Trodelvy 180 mg lyophilized powder in a single-dose vial: 55135-0132-xx

VII. References (STANDARD)

1. Trodelvy [package insert]. Foster City, CA; ; Gilead Sciences, Inc.; February 2023. Accessed March 2023.
2. Referenced with permission from the NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium (NCCN Compendium®) sacituzumab govitecan. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, 2023. The NCCN Compendium® is a derivative work of the NCCN Guidelines®. NATIONAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER NETWORK®, NCCN®, and NCCN GUIDELINES® are trademarks owned by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. To view the most recent and complete version of the Compendium, go online to NCCN.org. Accessed March 2023.
3. Referenced with permission from the NCCN Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (NCCN Guidelines®) for Breast Cancer 2.2023. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, 2023. NATIONAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER NETWORK®, NCCN®, and NCCN GUIDELINES® are trademarks owned by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. To view the most recent and complete version of the Guidelines, go online to NCCN.org. Accessed March 2023.
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5. Hematology/Oncology Pharmacy Association (2019). *Intravenous Cancer Drug Waste Issue Brief*. Retrieved from http://www.hoparx.org/images/hopa/advocacy/Issue-Briefs/Drug_Waste_2019.pdf
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7. Bardia A, Mayer IA, Vahdat LT, et al. Sacituzumab Govitecan-hziy in Refractory Metastatic Triple-Negative Breast Cancer. *N Engl J Med*. 2019 Feb 21;380(8):741-751. doi: 10.1056/NEJMoa1814213.
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11. Rugo HS, Bardia A, Marme F, et al. Sacituzumab Govitecan in Hormone Receptor-Positive/Human Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor 2-Negative Metastatic Breast Cancer. *J Clin Oncol*. 2022 Oct 10;40(29):3365-3376. doi: 10.1200/JCO.22.01002. Epub 2022 Aug 26.

VIII. References (ENHANCED)

- 1e. Referenced with permission from the NCCN Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (NCCN Guidelines®) for Bladder Cancer 1.2023. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, 2023. NATIONAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER NETWORK®, NCCN®, and NCCN GUIDELINES® are trademarks owned by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. To view the most recent and complete version of the Guidelines, go online to NCCN.org. Accessed March 2023.
- 2e. Loriot Y, Necchi Am, Park SH, et al. Erdafitinib in Locally Advanced or Metastatic Urothelial Carcinoma. *N Engl J Med* 2019; 381:338-348.
- 3e. Sideris S, Aoun F, Zanaty M, et al. Efficacy of weekly paclitaxel treatment as a single agent chemotherapy following first-line cisplatin treatment in urothelial bladder cancer. *Mol Clin Oncol*. 2016 Jun;4(6):1063-1067. doi: 10.3892/mco.2016.821. Epub 2016 Mar 17.
- 4e. McCaffrey JA, Hilton S, Mazumdar M, et al. Phase II trial of docetaxel in patients with advanced or metastatic transitional-cell carcinoma. *J Clin Oncol*. 1997 May;15(5):1853-7. doi: 10.1200/JCO.1997.15.5.1853.
- 5e. Magellan Health, Magellan Rx Management. Trodelvy Clinical Literature Review Analysis. Last updated March 2023. Accessed March 2023.

Appendix 1 – Covered Diagnosis Codes

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description
C50.011	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, right female breast
C50.012	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, left female breast
C50.019	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, unspecified female breast
C50.021	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, right male breast
C50.022	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, left male breast
C50.029	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, unspecified male breast
C50.111	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of right female breast
C50.112	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of left female breast
C50.119	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of unspecified female breast
C50.121	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of right male breast

C50.122	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of left male breast
C50.129	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of unspecified male breast
C50.211	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of right female breast
C50.212	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of left female breast
C50.219	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of unspecified female breast
C50.221	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of right male breast
C50.222	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of left male breast
C50.229	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of unspecified male breast
C50.311	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of right female breast
C50.312	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of left female breast
C50.319	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of unspecified female breast
C50.321	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of right male breast
C50.322	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of left male breast
C50.329	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of unspecified male breast
C50.411	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of right female breast
C50.412	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of left female breast
C50.419	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of unspecified female breast
C50.421	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of right male breast
C50.422	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of left male breast
C50.429	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of unspecified male breast
C50.511	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of right female breast
C50.512	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of left female breast
C50.519	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of unspecified female breast
C50.521	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of right male breast
C50.522	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of left male breast
C50.529	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of unspecified male breast
C50.611	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of right female breast
C50.612	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of left female breast
C50.619	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of unspecified female breast
C50.621	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of right male breast
C50.622	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of left male breast
C50.629	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of unspecified male breast
C50.811	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of right female breast

C50.812	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of left female breast
C50.819	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of unspecified female breast
C50.821	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of right male breast
C50.822	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of left male breast
C50.829	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of unspecified male breast
C50.911	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of right female breast
C50.912	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of left female breast
C50.919	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of unspecified female breast
C50.921	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of right male breast
C50.922	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of left male breast
C50.929	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of unspecified male breast
C61	Malignant neoplasm of prostate
C65.1	Malignant neoplasm of right renal pelvis
C65.2	Malignant neoplasm of left renal pelvis
C65.9	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified renal pelvis
C66.1	Malignant neoplasm of right ureter
C66.2	Malignant neoplasm of left ureter
C66.9	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified ureter
C67.0	Malignant neoplasm of trigone of bladder
C67.1	Malignant neoplasm of dome of bladder
C67.2	Malignant neoplasm of lateral wall of bladder
C67.3	Malignant neoplasm of anterior wall of bladder
C67.4	Malignant neoplasm of posterior wall of bladder
C67.5	Malignant neoplasm of bladder neck
C67.6	Malignant neoplasm of ureteric orifice
C67.7	Malignant neoplasm of urachus
C67.8	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of bladder
C67.9	Malignant neoplasm of bladder, unspecified
C68.0	Malignant neoplasm of urethra
D09.0	Carcinoma in situ of bladder
Z85.51	Personal history of malignant neoplasm of bladder
Z85.59	Personal history of malignant neoplasm of other urinary tract organ

Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determination (NCD), Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs), and Local Coverage Articles (LCAs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. They can be found at: <https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search.aspx>. Additional indications may be covered at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCD/LCA): N/A

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions		
Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor
E (1)	CA, HI, NV, AS, GU, CNMI	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC
F (2 & 3)	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC
5	KS, NE, IA, MO	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)
6	MN, WI, IL	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)
H (4 & 7)	LA, AR, MS, TX, OK, CO, NM	Novitas Solutions, Inc.
8	MI, IN	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)
N (9)	FL, PR, VI	First Coast Service Options, Inc.
J (10)	TN, GA, AL	Palmetto GBA, LLC
M (11)	NC, SC, WV, VA (excluding below)	Palmetto GBA, LLC
L (12)	DE, MD, PA, NJ, DC (includes Arlington & Fairfax counties and the city of Alexandria in VA)	Novitas Solutions, Inc.
K (13 & 14)	NY, CT, MA, RI, VT, ME, NH	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)
15	KY, OH	CGS Administrators, LLC